

**RFM10P12, RFM10P15, RFP10P12, RFP10P15**

T-39-23  
File Number 1595

**P-Channel Enhancement-Mode Power Field-Effect Transistors**

10 A, -120V and -150 V  
 $I_{D(on)}$  = 0.5 Ω

**Features:**

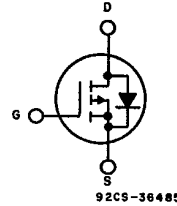
- SOA is power-dissipation limited
- Nanosecond switching speeds
- Linear transfer characteristics
- High input impedance
- Majority carrier device

The RFM10P12 and RFM10P15 and the RFP10P12 and RFP10P15\* are p-channel enhancement-mode silicon-gate power field-effect transistors designed for applications such as switching regulators, switching converters, motor drivers, relay drivers, and drivers for high-power bipolar switching transistors requiring high speed and low gate-drive power. These types can be operated directly from integrated circuits.

The RFM-types are supplied in the JEDEC TO-204AA steel package and the RFP-types in the JEDEC TO-220AB plastic package.

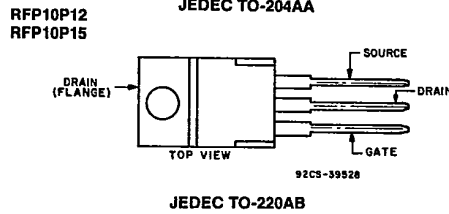
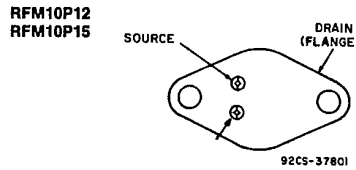
\*The RFM and RFP series were formerly RCA developmental TA9404 and TA9405, respectively.

**TERMINAL DIAGRAM**



**P-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE**

**TERMINAL DESIGNATIONS**



**MAXIMUM RATINGS, Absolute-Maximum Values ( $T_c = 25^\circ C$ ):**

	RFM10P12	RFM10P15	RFP10P12	RFP10P15		
DRAIN-SOURCE VOLTAGE .....	$V_{DSS}$	-120	-150	-120	-150	V
DRAIN-GATE VOLTAGE ( $R_{gs} = 1 M\Omega$ ) .....	$V_{DGR}$	-120	-150	-120	-150	V
GATE-SOURCE VOLTAGE .....	$V_{GS}$	±20				V
DRAIN CURRENT, RMS Continuous .....	$I_D$	10				A
Pulsed .....	$I_{DM}$	30				A
POWER DISSIPATION @ $T_c = 25^\circ C$ .....	$P_T$	100	100	75	75	W
Derate above $T_c = 25^\circ C$ .....		0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6	W/°C
OPERATING AND STORAGE TEMPERATURE .....	$T_j, T_{stg}$	-55 to +150				°C

RFM10P12, RFM10P15, RFP10P12, RFP10P15

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS, At Case Temperature ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) unless otherwise specified

T-39-23

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS				UNITS
			RFM10P12 RFP10P12		RFM10P15 RFP10P15		
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{DS}$	$I_D = 1\text{ mA}$ $V_{GS} = 0$	-120	—	-150	—	V
Gate-Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$ $I_D = 1\text{ mA}$	-2	-4	-2	-4	V
Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS} = -100\text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = -120\text{ V}$	—	1	—	—	$\mu\text{A}$
		$T_c = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DS} = -100\text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = -120\text{ V}$	—	50	—	—	
			—	—	—	50	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 0$	—	100	—	100	nA
Drain-Source On Voltage	$V_{DS(on)}^a$	$I_D = 5\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$	—	-2.5	—	-2.5	V
		$I_D = 10\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$	—	-6.0	—	-6.0	
Static Drain-Source On Resistance	$r_{DS(on)}^a$	$I_D = 5\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$	—	0.5	—	0.5	$\Omega$
Forward Transconductance	$g_m^a$	$V_{DS} = -10\text{ V}$ $I_D = 5\text{ A}$	2	—	2	—	mho
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{DS} = -25\text{ V}$	—	1700	—	1700	pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	—	600	—	600	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	—	150	—	150	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DS} = -75\text{ V}$ $I_D = 5\text{ A}$ $R_{\theta en} = R_{\theta cs} = 50\ \Omega$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$	24(typ)	50	24(typ)	50	ns
Rise Time	$t_r$		74(typ)	150	74(typ)	150	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		138(typ)	225	138(typ)	225	
Fall Time	$t_f$		61(typ)	100	61(typ)	100	
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	RFM10P12, RFM10P15	—	1.25	—	1.25	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
		RFP10P12, RFP10P15	—	1.67	—	1.67	

SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS				UNITS
			RFM10P12 RFP10P12		RFM10P15 RFP10P15		
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}^a$	$I_{SD} = 5\text{ A}$	—	1.4	—	1.4	V
Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	$I_F = 4\text{ A}$ , $dI_F/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	210 (typ.)		210 (typ.)		ns

<sup>a</sup> Pulsed: Pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$  max., duty cycle = 2%.

RFM10P12, RFM10P15, RFP10P12, RFP10P15

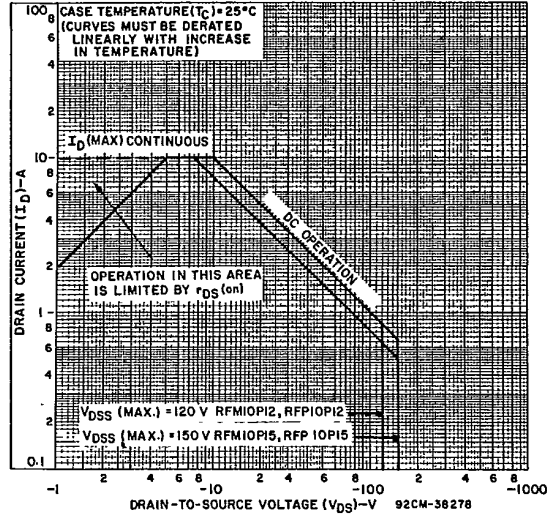


Fig. 1 - Maximum safe operating areas for all types.

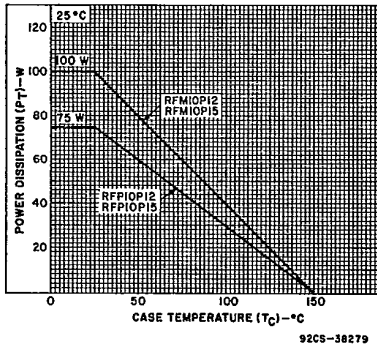


Fig. 2 - Power dissipation vs. case temperature derating curve for all types.

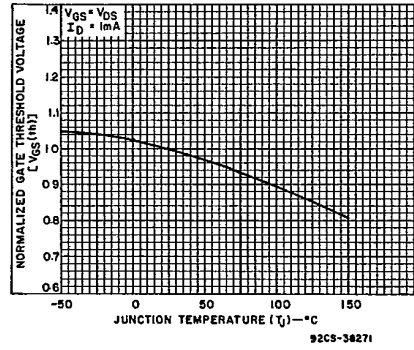


Fig. 3 - Typical normalized gate threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature for all types.

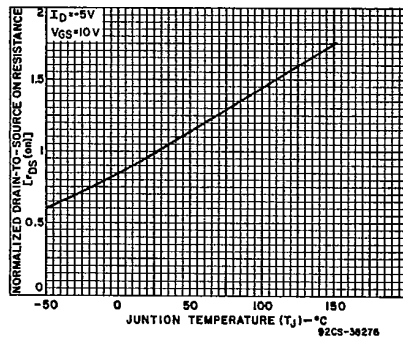


Fig. 4 - Normalized drain-to-source on resistance as a function of junction temperature for all types.

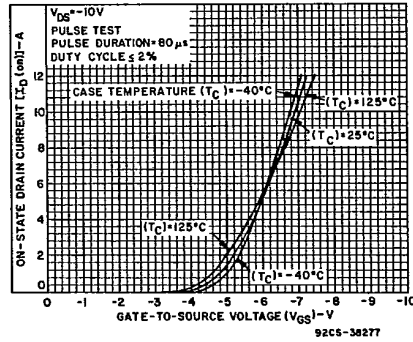


Fig. 5 - Typical transfer characteristics for all types.

RFM10P12, RFM10P15, RFP10P12, RFP10P15

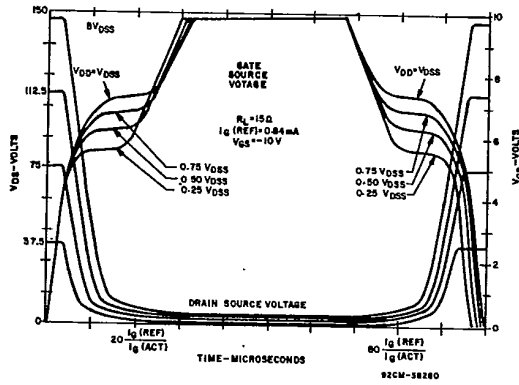


Fig. 6 - Normalized switching waveforms for constant gate-current drive. Refer to RCA Power MOSFETs PMP411A.

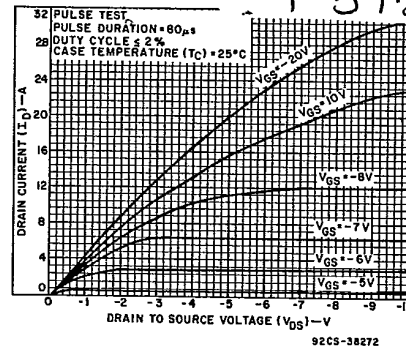


Fig. 7 - Typical saturation characteristics for all types.

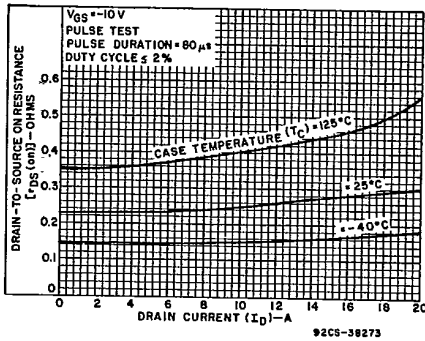


Fig. 8 - Typical drain-to-source on resistance as a function of drain current for all types.

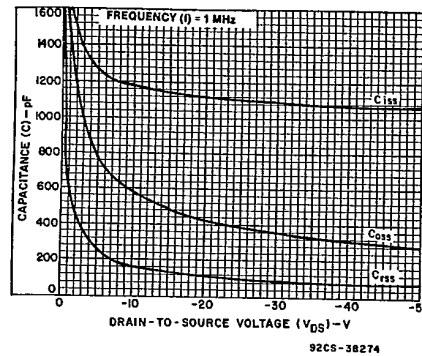


Fig. 9 - Capacitance as a function of drain-to-source voltage for all types.

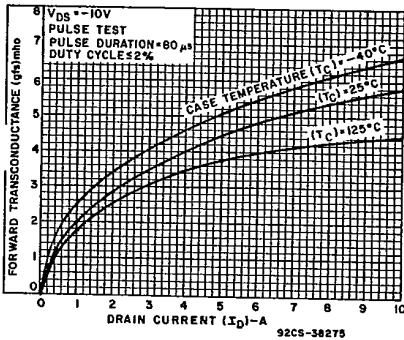


Fig. 10 - Typical forward transconductance as a function of drain current for all types.

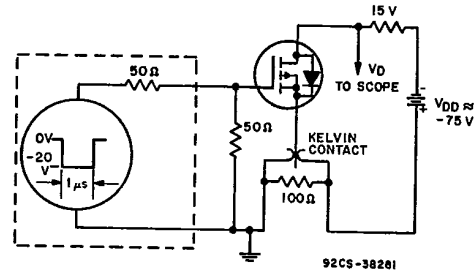


Fig. 11 - Switching Time Test Circuit.